

PART - II
ENGLISH LANGUAGE

Directions : In Question Nos. 51 to 55, some parts of the sentence have errors and some are correct. Find out which part of a sentence has an error and blacken the rectangle [■] corresponding to the appropriate letter (A, B, C). If a sentence is free from errors, blacken the rectangle corresponding to (D) in the Answer Sheet.

51. It was him / who came running /
(A) (B)
into the classroom. / No error.
(C) (D)
52. The capital of Yemen / is situating /
(A) (B)
2190 metres above the sea level. /
(C)
No error.
(D)
53. Ram was / senior to /
(A) (B)
Sam in college. / No error.
(C) (D)
54. Supposing if / it rains /
(A) (B)
what shall we do ? / No error.
(C) (D)
55. The captain along with his team /
(A)
are practising very hard /
(B)
for the forthcoming match. / No error.
(C) (D)

Directions : In Question Nos. 56 to 60, sentences are given with blanks to be filled in with an appropriate word(s). Four alternatives are suggested for each question. Choose the correct alternative out of the four and indicate it by blackening the appropriate rectangle [■] in the Answer Sheet.

56. The Principal called _____ an explanation from the clerks.
(A) on (B) out
(C) for (D) in
57. The _____ crowd gave the victorious team a tumultuous welcome.
(A) jubilant
(B) troublesome
(C) noisy
(D) arrogant
58. It is our duty to get _____ the truth.
(A) to (B) over
(C) into (D) at
59. For a child, a blow _____ self-esteem is a terrible thing.
(A) of (B) with
(C) to (D) on
60. The Greenland ice sheet is _____ at the rate of about 12 cubic miles a year.
(A) smelting (B) condensing
(C) melting (D) freezing



Directions : In Question Nos. 61 to 65, out of the four alternatives, choose the one which best expresses the meaning of the given word and mark it in the Answer Sheet.

61. pious
 (A) religious (B) sympathetic
 (C) afraid (D) faithful
62. abandon
 (A) forsake (B) keep
 (C) cherish (D) enlarge
63. cancel
 (A) abolish (B) approve
 (C) allow (D) break
64. defer
 (A) indifferent (B) defy
 (C) differ (D) postpone
65. cease
 (A) begin (B) stop
 (C) create (D) dull

Directions : In Question Nos. 66 to 70, choose the word opposite in meaning to the given word and mark it in the Answer Sheet.

66. virtue
 (A) vice (B) failure
 (C) fault (D) offence
67. nervous
 (A) flawless (B) immature
 (C) smooth (D) composed
68. confident
 (A) worried (B) pessimistic
 (C) diffident (D) depressed

69. stingy
 (A) clean (B) tight
 (C) generous (D) cheap
70. barren
 (A) fertile (B) rich
 (C) prosperous (D) positive

Directions : In Question Nos. 71 to 75, four alternatives are given for the idiom/phrase. Choose the alternative which best expresses the meaning of the idiom/ phrase and mark it in the Answer Sheet.

71. by putting two and two together
 (A) to mix several things
 (B) to make an arithmetical calculation
 (C) to keep people in pairs
 (D) to deduce from given facts
72. to go scot-free
 (A) to walk like a native of Scotland
 (B) to get something free
 (C) to escape without punishment
 (D) to save tax
73. at the eleventh hour
 (A) at eleven O'clock
 (B) at the wrong time
 (C) at the last possible moment
 (D) at the initial moment itself
74. to look down one's nose
 (A) to show anger
 (B) to retaliate
 (C) to insult in the presence of others
 (D) to regard with contempt
75. to shed crocodile tears
 (A) to weep profusely
 (B) to pretend grief
 (C) to grieve seriously
 (D) to mock something

Directions : In Question Nos. 76 to 80, a part of the sentence is underlined which may need improvement. Alternatives are given at (A), (B) and (C) below, which may be better option. In case no improvement is needed, your answer is (D). Blacken the appropriate rectangle [■] in the Answer Sheet.

76. He is a descendant from the Mughal royalty.
 (A) of
 (B) in
 (C) for
 (D) No improvement
77. Mary would not go to the market unless I go with her.
 (A) shall go
 (B) went
 (C) would go
 (D) No improvement
78. Flowers embellishment the beauty of our surroundings.
 (A) replenish
 (B) enhance
 (C) destroys
 (D) No improvement
79. The cheapest electronic good are manufactured in China.
 (A) electronical good
 (B) electrical good
 (C) electronic goods
 (D) No improvement
80. I have been living in Delhi from 1989.
 (A) eversince
 (B) since
 (C) in
 (D) No improvement

Directions : In Question Nos. 81 to 85, out of the four alternatives, choose the one which can be substituted for the given words/sentence.

81. Animal that feeds on plants
 (A) Carnivorous
 (B) Herbivorous
 (C) Insectivorous
 (D) Graminivorous
82. A number of stars grouped together
 (A) Orbit
 (B) Constellation
 (C) Solar system
 (D) Comet
83. Lasting only for a very short while
 (A) Transparent
 (B) Temporal
 (C) Temporary
 (D) Temperate
84. Murder of a man
 (A) Regicide
 (B) Fratricide
 (C) Homicide
 (D) Genocide
85. Use of force or threats to get someone to agree to something
 (A) Coercion
 (B) Conviction
 (C) Confession
 (D) Cajolement

Directions : In Question Nos. 86 to 90, group of four words are given. In each group one word is correctly spelt. Find the correctly spelt word and mark it in the Answer Sheet.

86. (A) lassivous (B) lacivoius
(C) lascivious (D) lasivious
87. (A) enemyty (B) enemity
(C) enmity (D) enmety
88. (A) irelevant (B) irrelavent
(C) irelevent (D) irrelevant
89. (A) livelihood (B) livelyhood
(C) livlihood (D) livelyhud
90. (A) foyere (B) foayer
(C) foyer (D) foyuer

Directions : (Question Nos. 91 to 100) In the following passage some of the words have been left out. First read the passage over and try to understand what it is about. Then fill in the blanks with the help of the alternatives given. Mark your answer in the Answer Sheet.

It was a sudden decision. Three of us all 91 in the hostel, decided to travel by train to 92 and witness the Republic Day Parade. The station was heavily 93 and there was a long queue before the ticket counter. 94 pretended sickness and persuaded the man nearest to the 95 to buy three more tickets – one for him and 96 for his sisters. No problem, therefore,

in buying tickets. 97 train was already at the platform and there was 98 mad rush among the passengers to get on the coaches. Hari would not be worried by 99. He asked 100 to jump over the bumper between two coaches to get on to the other side.

91. (A) roommates (B) strangers
(C) classmates (D) friends
92. (A) Calcutta (B) Hyderabad
(C) Chennai (D) Delhi
93. (A) guarded (B) thronged
(C) crowded (D) filled
94. (A) She (B) Hari
(C) They (D) You
95. (A) door (B) window
(C) counter (D) enhance
96. (A) three (B) four
(C) one (D) two
97. (A) The (B) A
(C) An (D) No
98. (A) a (B) an
(C) the (D) not
99. (A) things (B) everything
(C) anything (D) something
100. (A) them (B) us
(C) we (D) they