

## English Language

**Directions (101-105):** In the following questions, some of the sentences have errors and some have none, find out which part of a sentence has an error. The number of that part is your answer. If there is no error, the answer is (d).

101. We saw (a)/ sand sculptures (b)/ in the beach. (c)/ No error. (d)
102. Everybody in the office (a)/ has early, (b)/ haven't they? (c)/ No error. (d)
103. The teacher told that (a) the students should have gone to the library (b)/ instead having wasted their time. (c)/ No error. (d)
104. He is (a)/ one the tallest boy (b)/ in the class. (c)/ No error. (d)
105. He was awarded (a)/ with a doctorate degree (b)/ for his new invention. (c)/ No error. (d)

**Directions (106-110):** In the following questions, some of the sentences are given with blanks to be filled in with appropriate words. Four alternatives are suggested for each question. Choose the correct alternative out of the four.

106. The works was \_\_\_\_\_ by the rains.  
(a) restricted (b) prevented  
(c) hampered (d) obstructed
107. He knows French and German \_\_\_\_\_ Russian.  
(a) beside (b) besides  
(c) aside (d) except
108. His reputation has been \_\_\_\_\_ by his foolish acts.  
(a) increased (b) decreased  
(c) retrieved (d) tainted
109. Meditation is \_\_\_\_\_ way to calm your nerves.  
(a) a best (b) one of the best  
(c) the best (d) an best
110. The Prime Minister of England called \_\_\_\_\_ the President of America.  
(a) in (b) out  
(c) on (d) at

**Directions (111-115):** In the following questions, out of the four alternatives, choose the one which best expresses the meaning of the given word.

111. INADVERTENT  
(a) thoughtless (b) unintentional  
(c) insane (d) unintelligent
112. BARREN  
(a) insane (b) rough  
(c) infertile (d) lush
113. ABSTAIN  
(a) insist (b) persist  
(c) refrain (d) resist
114. COUNTERFEIT  
(a) constant (b) unknown  
(c) biased (d) fake
115. NOVICE  
(a) expert (b) specialist  
(c) generalist (d) beginner

**Directions (116-120):** In the following questions, for each question, choose the world opposite in meaning to the given word.

116. DIMINISH  
(a) increase (b) improve  
(c) introduce (d) decrease
117. COMPLY  
(a) challenge (b) complain  
(c) conform (d) comete
118. TREACHEROUS  
(a) tactful (b) violent  
(c) faithful (d) false
119. INQUISITIVE  
(a) inadequate (b) immature  
(c) uncomfortable (d) unconcerned
120. AFFLUENCE  
(a) poverty (b) influence  
(c) neglect (d) semblance

**Directions (121-125):** In the following questions, for alternatives are given for the idiom/phrase bold in the

sentence. Chose the alternative which best expresses the meaning of the idiom/phrase.

121. Do not run down your friends in public.

- (a) fight with
- (b) follow
- (c) make a mention of
- (d) criticise

122. Most parents find it difficult to make both **ends meet because of inflation.**

- (a) to lead a lavish life
- (b) to live within one's income
- (c) to live a miserly life
- (d) to lead an active life

123. The students were advised to pore over the lessons thoroughly.

- (a) go through (b) go down
- (c) go off (d) go out

124. The two famous writers crossed swords with each on every issue.

- (a) fought physically
- (b) crossed the road on meeting
- (c) took different routes
- (d) disagreed

125. The traffic came to a standstill after the heavy downpour of rain.

- (a) complete halt (b) accident spot
- (c) diversion (d) confused disorder

**Directions (126-130): In the following questions, a part of the sentence is bold. Below are given alternatives to the underlined part at (a), (b) and (c) which may improve the sentence. Choose the correct alternative. In case no improvement is needed. Your answer is (d).**

126. Both the mother-in-laws welcomed the newly weds with garlands of flowers.

- (a) mothers-in-laws

(b) mother-in-law

(c) mothers-in-law

(d) No improvement

127. The workers looked run down.

- (a) happy (b) relaxed
- (c) exhausted (d) No improvement

128. The relatives comforted the old man whose wife had died.

- (a) sympathized with
- (b) pitied (c) consoled
- (d) No improvement

129. They obtained the top-secret information by **wrong means.**

- (a) clever (b) fraudulent
- (c) bad (d) No improvement

130. His speech was broadcasted over the radio last. Thursday,

- (a) was broadcast
- (b) had been broadcast
- (c) has been broadcast
- (d) No improvement

**Directions (131-135): In the following questions, out of the four alternatives, choose the one which can be substituted for the given words/sentence.**

131. To agree to something

- (a) assure (b) assent
- (c) adapt (d) adhere

132. A person who withdraws from the world to live in seclusion and often in solitude

- (a) iconoclast (b) recluse
- (c) sage (d) priest

133. A lover of books

- (a) bibliomaniac (b) bibliophile
- (c) bibliographer (d) bilingualist

134. Occurring at irregular intervals in time

- (a) epidemic (b) endemic  
(c) temporal (d) sporadic

135. To keep a great person or event in people's memory

- (a) communicate (b) commensurate  
(c) commemorate (d) commiserate

**Directions (136-140): In the following questions, group of four words are given. In each group, one word is correctly spelt. Find the correctly word.**

136. (a) columen (b) autumn

- (c) condamm (d) symptem

137. (a) precartius (b) preceede

- (c) premier (d) preparation

138. (a) corespondent

- (b) commandent  
(c) superintendent  
(d) attendant

139. (a) imaginery (b) dictionary

- (c) itinerery (d) stationery

140. (a) pronounciation

- (b) repercuton  
(c) rehabilitation  
(d) tuton

**Directions (141-150): In the following passage, some of the words have been left out. First read the passage over and try to understand that it is about. Then fill in the blanks with the help of the alternatives given.**

**PASSAGE**

Experts are beginning to suspect that one of the major 141 of crime in modern cities in the actual design of the city. Oscar Newman, a professor of architecture, in his book titled "Defensible Space" has 142 the result of his research on this question.

The effect of environment 143 crime is two-fold. Prof. Newman's research shows that some buildings may encourage people not only to interfere but to allow crimes to 144 Crowded apartments in a huge block bring people physically together but isolate them 145 . People living in what is 146 one building with a common entry felt isolated within their own apartments. They are unconcerned 147 their neighbours. Some years ago, a girl was stabbed to death 148

a period of half an hour while hundreds of people living in the block 149 without interfering, without even calling the police.

The other obvious effect of the design of buildings is that it affords room for crimes. Hidden nooks and corners, spaces between buildings out of 150

are convenient spots where crimes can be committed without the fear of detection.

141. (a) exposition (b) causes

- (c) theories (d) results

142. (a) published (b) printed

- (c) predicted (d) pasted

143. (a) on (b) in

- (c) over (d) about

144. (a) witness (b) show

- (c) appear (d) happen

145. (a) spiritually (b) cognitively

- (c) intellectually (d) mentally

146. (a) essentially (b) deliberately

- (c) accidentally (d) ideologically

147. (a) for (b) with

- (c) about (d) at

148. (a) between (b) through

- (c) over (d) across

- 149.(a)viewed (b)studied  
(c)observed (d)watched
- 150.(a)sight (b)vision  
(c)visual (d)observation