

PART D
ENGLISH COMPREHENSION

Directions : In questions no. 151 to 155, some of the sentences have errors and some are correct. Find out which part of a sentence has an error and blacken the rectangle [■] corresponding to the appropriate letter (A, B, C). If a sentence is free from errors, blacken the rectangle corresponding to (D) in the Answer Sheet.

51. If he is a millionaire / he would help / the millennium project. / No error.
(A) (B) (C) (D)
52. The Prime Minister along with his Cabinet colleagues /
(A)
have been welcomed by the Chief Minister / at a formal ceremony. / No error.
(B) (C) (D)
53. The political candidate talked / as if she has already been elected / to the presidency. / No error.
(A) (B) (C) (D)
54. The way to increase the production of the food / is to bring more land / under cultivation. / No error.
(A) (B) (C) (D)
55. The girls watched intently / as the model applied her make-up / with a practiced hand. / No error.
(A) (B) (C) (D)

Directions : In questions no. 156 to 160, sentences are given with blanks to be filled in with an appropriate word(s). Four alternatives are suggested for each question. Choose the correct alternative out of the four and indicate it by blackening the appropriate rectangle [■] in the Answer Sheet.

156. Many people reported _____ a noise in the night.

- (A) to hear
(B) having heard
(C) to have heard
(D) been hearing

157. I am exhausted, let's _____ a day.

- (A) call it
(B) call at
(C) call off
(D) call in

158. The worker used _____ to patch up the hole in the wall.

- (A) sand
(B) cement
(C) soil
(D) grass

159. She made her stepson her _____ to her large fortune.

- (A) hare
(B) heir
(C) hair
(D) here

160. The stewardess showed the passenger _____.

- (A) when to start travelling
(B) where to land the plane
(C) how to fasten the seat belt
(D) how to judge the altitude of the plane



Directions : In questions no. 161 to 165, out of the four alternatives, choose the one which best expresses the meaning of the given word and mark it in the Answer Sheet.

161. Behaviour
 (A) conduct (B) blessing
 (C) character (D) response
162. Stringent
 (A) flexible (B) inflexible
 (C) staunch (D) tough
163. Deliberately
 (A) spontaneously (B) inadvertently
 (C) intentionally (D) naturally
164. Flaunt
 (A) cut (B) deceive
 (C) exhibit (D) blame
165. Subjugate
 (A) capitulate (B) conquer
 (C) strike (D) confuse

Directions : In questions no. 166 to 170, choose the word that is opposite in meaning to the given word and mark it in the Answer Sheet.

166. Perilous
 (A) carefree (B) impetuous
 (C) safe (D) impure
167. Brittle
 (A) weak (B) strong
 (C) fragile (D) bright
168. Callous
 (A) rude (B) insensitive
 (C) indifferent (D) sympathetic
169. Dishevelled
 (A) composed (B) tidy
 (C) confident (D) jovial
170. Impede
 (A) obstruct (B) advance
 (C) linger (D) guarantee

Directions : In questions no. 171 to 175, four alternatives are given for the Idiom/Phrase underlined in the sentence. Choose the alternative which best expresses the meaning of the given Idiom/Phrase and mark it in the Answer Sheet.

171. There is no soft option to the crisis now.
 (A) popular opinion
 (B) popular solution
 (C) easy and agreeable option
 (D) difficult choice
172. The teacher's announcement to conduct a snap test came as a bolt from the blue to many students.
 (A) imaginary
 (B) unexpected
 (C) forbidden
 (D) heavenly
173. He and his friend are sailing in the same boat.
 (A) sailing together in the same boat
 (B) sharing the financial and social condition
 (C) being in the same difficult situation
 (D) getting rid of the difficult situation
174. To be successful in today's world, we require the gift of the gab.
 (A) ability to speak well
 (B) good interpersonal skills
 (C) divine help and guidance
 (D) a fierce competitive spirit
175. Winter was so bad that the nomadic tribesmen found it difficult to keep the wolf from the door.
 (A) hunt wild animals
 (B) escape starvation
 (C) get woollen clothes
 (D) walk on ice

Directions : In questions no. 176 to 180, a sentence is given, the underlined part of which may need improvement. Alternatives are given at (A), (B) and (C) below which may be a better option. In case no improvement is needed, your answer is (D). Blacken the appropriate rectangle [■] in the Answer Sheet.

176. I visited my aunt just before a week.

- (A) a week before
- (B) a week earlier
- (C) a week ago
- (D) No improvement

177. Foreigners often come across with serious difficulties in studying English.

- (A) have to come across with
- (B) come cross with
- (C) come across
- (D) No improvement

178. He work hard will succeed.

- (A) who will work hard
- (B) who will be working hard
- (C) who works hard
- (D) No improvement

179. It is high time you started revising your lessons.

- (A) start
- (B) had started
- (C) will start
- (D) No improvement

180. With these extra people you can work easily with this job.

- (A) deal
- (B) improve
- (C) cope
- (D) No improvement

Directions : In questions no. 181 to 185, out of the four alternatives, choose the one which can be substituted for the given words/sentence and indicate it by blackening the appropriate rectangle [■] in the Answer Sheet.

181. Theft of another person's writings or ideas and passing them off as one's own

- (A) plagiarism
- (B) burglary
- (C) piracy
- (D) pilferage

182. The study of insects

- (A) Anthropology
- (B) Zoology
- (C) Etymology
- (D) Entomology

183. List of issues to be discussed at a meeting

- (A) schedule
- (B) agenda
- (C) time-table
- (D) plan

184. Speed of an object in one direction

- (A) pace
- (B) tempo
- (C) velodrome
- (D) velocity

185. The place where public, government or historical records are kept

- (A) Coffor
- (B) Pantry
- (C) Archives
- (D) Scullery

Directions : In questions no. 186 to 190, groups of four words are given. In each group, one word is correctly spelt. Find the correctly spelt word and mark your answer in the Answer Sheet.

186. (A) adviceable (B) advicable
(C) advisable (D) adviseable
187. (A) millenium (B) millennium
(C) milennium (D) milenium
188. (A) embarass (B) embarrass
(C) embaras (D) embarras
189. (A) separetion (B) seperation
(C) seperetion (D) separation
190. (A) discrepency (B) discrepancy
(C) discripancy (D) discrepansy

Directions : In the following passage (191 to 200), some of the words have been left out. First read the passage over and try to understand what it is about. Then fill in the blanks with the help of the alternatives given. Mark your answer in the Answer Sheet.

PASSAGE (Questions No. 191 - 200)

Martin Luther King, Jr., was born Michael Luther King, Jr., 191 his grandfather had his name 192 to Martin. Martin Luther attended segregated public schools in Georgia, 193 from high school at the age of fifteen; he received the B.A. degree in 1948 194 Morehouse College, a distinguished Negro institution of Atlanta from which both his father and grandfather had graduated. After three years of 195 study at Crozer Theological Seminary in Pennsylvania where he was elected president of a 196 white senior class, he was awarded the B.D. in 1951. 197 a fellowship won at Ebenezer he enrolled in graduate studies at Boston University, completing his residence 198 the doctorate in 1953 and receiving the degree in 1955. In Boston he 199 and married Coretta Scott, a young woman of 200 intellectual and artistic attainments.

191. (A) and (B) so
(C) since (D) but
192. (A) given (B) changed
(C) become (D) made
193. (A) graduating (B) finishing
(C) graduated (D) finished
194. (A) in (B) from
(C) by (D) with
195. (A) theological (B) intellectual
(C) educational (D) psychological
196. (A) predetermined
(B) predominantly
(C) significantly
(D) somewhat
197. (A) From (B) By
(C) With (D) Through
198. (A) for (B) of
(C) about (D) to
199. (A) saw (B) eloped
(C) met (D) watched
200. (A) common (B) particular
(C) uncommon (D) general